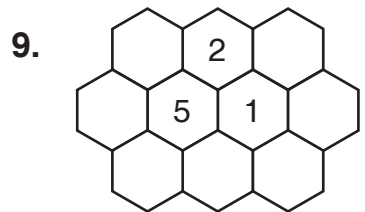
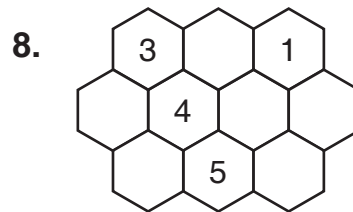
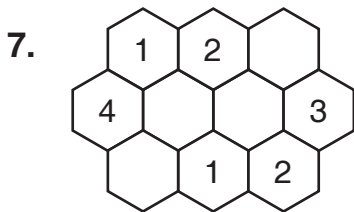
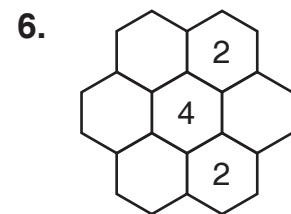
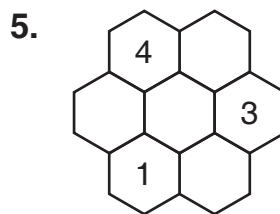
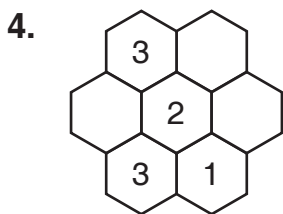
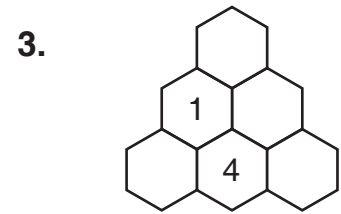
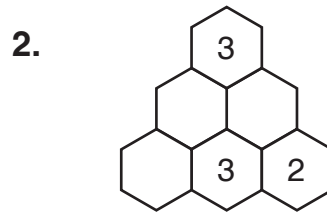
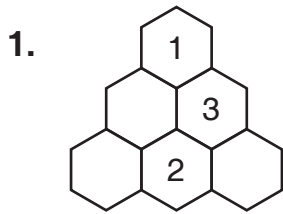


In a **Hive** puzzle, every hexagon is filled with a number from 1 to 7. Once every hexagon is filled, the number in each hexagon is the smallest number that does not appear in any of the hexagons that it touches. Find examples and beginner puzzles in Practice 4B.

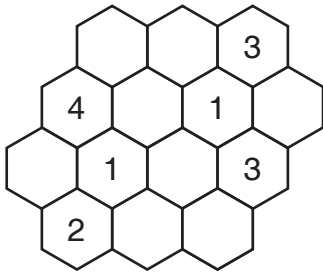
Puzzles 7 through 15 are extremely challenging.

**PRACTICE** | Solve each Hive puzzle below.

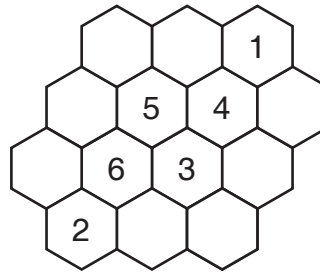


**PRACTICE** | Solve each Hive puzzle below.

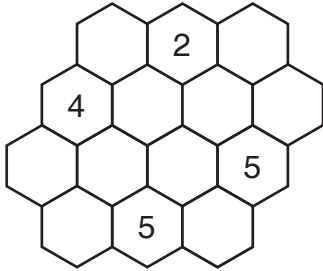
10.



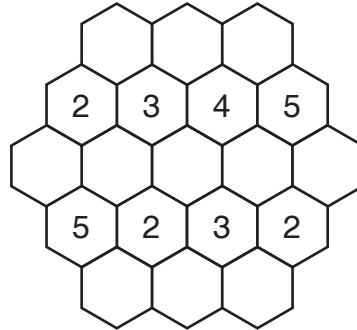
11.



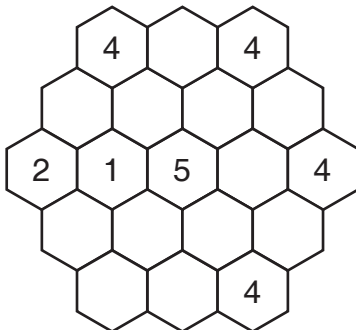
12.



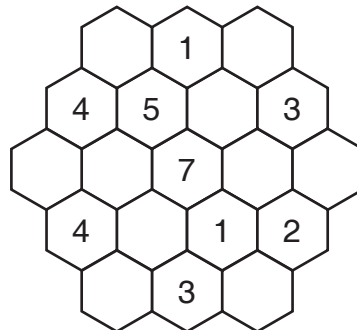
13.



14.



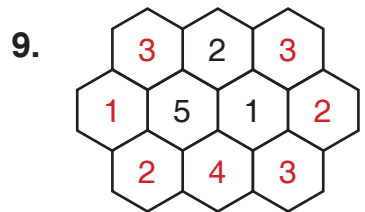
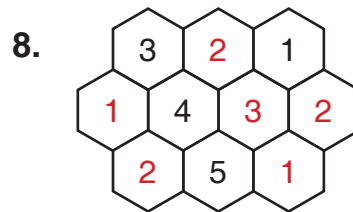
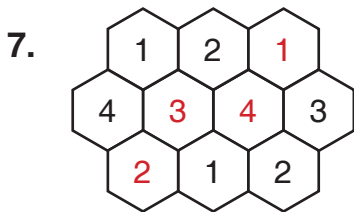
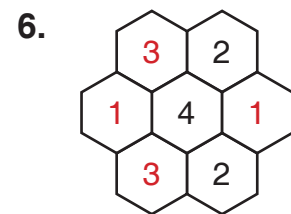
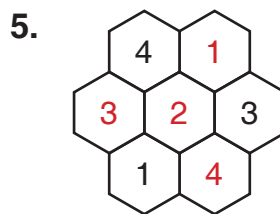
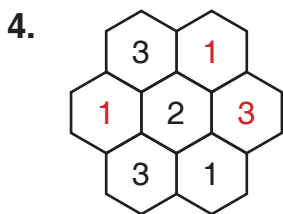
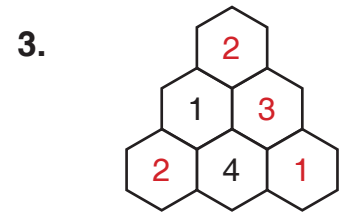
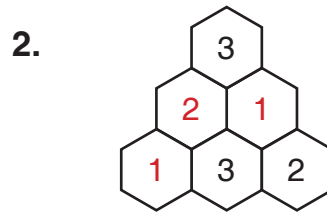
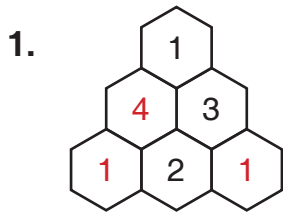
15.



In a **Hive** puzzle, every hexagon is filled with a number from 1 to 7. Once every hexagon is filled, the number in each hexagon is the smallest number that does not appear in any of the hexagons that it touches. Find examples and beginner puzzles in Practice 4B.

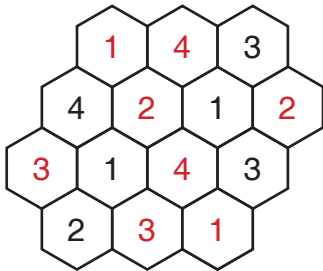
Puzzles 7 through 15 are extremely challenging.

**PRACTICE** | Solve each Hive puzzle below.

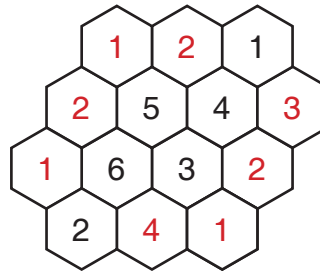


**PRACTICE** | Solve each Hive puzzle below.

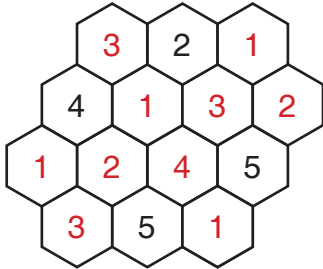
10.



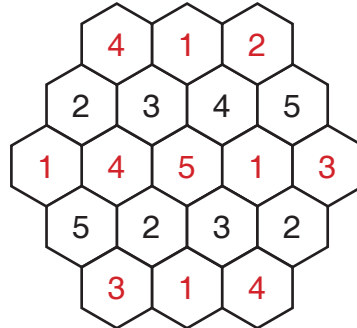
11.



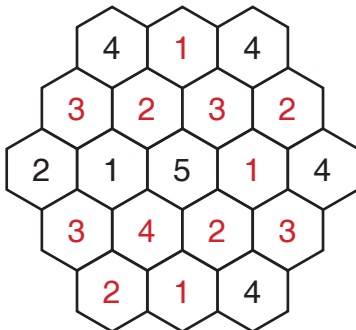
12.



13.



14.



15.

