## When comparing two positive numbers, the

 larger number always has the larger square.EXAMPLE Is $\sqrt{10}$ more or less than 3.5 ?

Since $\sqrt{10}$ and 3.5 are both positive, we can compare $\sqrt{10}$ and 3.5 by comparing their squares. $\sqrt{10}$ is the number we square to get 10 . So, $(\sqrt{10})^{2}=10$.

We have $3.5^{2}=12.25$.
Since $10<12.25$, we know $\sqrt{10}$ is less than 3.5.

## PRACTICE <br> Fill each circle below with < or > to indicate which expression is greater.

51. 


53. $200 \backsim \sqrt{36,000}$
55.

57. $\sqrt{\frac{1}{2}} \longrightarrow \frac{2}{3}$

## PRACTICE

Answer each question below.
59. For how many integer values of $a$ is $\sqrt{\frac{1}{a}}>\frac{1}{2}$ ?
60. Is $\sqrt{250}$ closer to $\sqrt{100}$ or to $\sqrt{400}$ ?
61. Round $\sqrt{30.3}$ to the nearest whole number.
52.

54.

56.

58.

59. $\qquad$
60. $\qquad$
61. $\qquad$

EXAMPLE $\quad$ Which is greater, $2 \sqrt{3}$ or $3 \sqrt{2}$ ?
The expression $2 \sqrt{3}$ means $2 \cdot \sqrt{3}$.
To compare $2 \sqrt{3}$ to $3 \sqrt{2}$, we can compare their squares.

$$
\begin{aligned}
& (2 \sqrt{3})^{2} & & (3 \sqrt{2})^{2} \\
= & 2 \cdot \sqrt{3} \cdot 2 \cdot \sqrt{3} & = & 3 \cdot \sqrt{2} \cdot 3 \cdot \sqrt{2} \\
= & (2 \cdot 2) \cdot(\sqrt{3} \cdot \sqrt{3}) & = & (3 \cdot 3) \cdot(\sqrt{2} \cdot \sqrt{2}) \\
= & 4 \cdot 3 & & =9 \cdot 2 \\
= & 12 & = & 18
\end{aligned}
$$

Since 18 is greater than 12 , $3 \sqrt{2}$ is greater than $2 \sqrt{3}$.

PRACTICE $\quad$ Answer each question below.
62. $\qquad$
62. What is the area in square centimeters of a square whose sides are $4 \sqrt{5}$ centimeters long?
63. Circle every expression below that equals $3 \sqrt{8}$.
$\sqrt{72}$
$2 \sqrt{18}$
$4 \sqrt{6}$
$5 \sqrt{3}$
$6 \sqrt{2}$
$\frac{17}{2}$
64. Circle every expression below that equals $\sqrt{500}$.
$25 \sqrt{2}$
$20 \sqrt{5}$
$10 \sqrt{5}$
$8 \sqrt{15}$
$5 \sqrt{20}$
$2 \sqrt{125}$
65. Order $11, \frac{\sqrt{500}}{2}$, and $2 \sqrt{30}$ from least to greatest.
65. $\qquad$ $<$ $\qquad$ $<$ $\qquad$
66. If $n$ is an integer, and $13<n \sqrt{11}<14$, then what is $n$ ?
66. $n=$ $\qquad$


PRACTICE $\mid$ Write each expression below as an integer.
67. $\sqrt{11^{4}}=$ $\qquad$
69. $\sqrt{9^{3}}=$ $\qquad$ 70. $\sqrt{4^{5}}=$ $\qquad$
71. $\sqrt{3^{2} \cdot 2^{8}}=$ $\qquad$
73. $\sqrt{6^{2} \cdot 15^{2}}=$ $\qquad$ 74. $\sqrt{12^{3} \cdot 3}=$ $\qquad$
68. $\sqrt{7^{6}}=$ $\qquad$
72. $\sqrt{3^{4} \cdot 5^{2}}=$ $\qquad$
75. If $\sqrt{2^{n}}=64$, then what is $n$ ?
76. What is the units digit of $\sqrt{3^{100}}$ ?
75. $n=$ $\qquad$
76. $\qquad$

## EXAMPLE Compute $\sqrt{6 \cdot 24}$.

We multiply $6 \cdot 24=144$, then find the square root.

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \sqrt{6 \cdot 24}=\sqrt{144} \\
&=12 . \\
&- \text { or }
\end{aligned}
$$

Using prime factorization, we have

$$
\begin{aligned}
\sqrt{6 \cdot 24} & =\sqrt{(2 \cdot 3) \cdot(2 \cdot 2 \cdot 2 \cdot 3)} \\
& =\sqrt{(2 \cdot 2 \cdot 3) \cdot(2 \cdot 2 \cdot 3)} \\
& =\sqrt{(2 \cdot 2 \cdot 3)^{2}} \\
& =2 \cdot 2 \cdot 3 \\
& =12 .
\end{aligned}
$$

PRACTICE Solve each problem below.
77. $\sqrt{4 \cdot 9}=$ $\qquad$ 78. $\sqrt{3 \cdot 27}=$ $\qquad$
79. $\sqrt{32 \cdot 8}=$ $\qquad$ 80. $\sqrt{21 \cdot 84}=$ $\qquad$
81. $\sqrt{135 \cdot 15}=$ $\qquad$ 82. $\sqrt{2,916}=$ $\qquad$
83. What is the side length in centimeters of a square that has the same area as the rectangle below?
84. The prime factorization of $1,382,976$ is $2^{6} \cdot 3^{2} \cdot 7^{4}$. What is the prime
84. $\qquad$ factorization of $\sqrt{1,382,976}$ ?
85. The expression $\sqrt{540 \cdot k}$ is equal to an integer for some positive
83. $\qquad$
 8
85. $\star \quad$ integer $k$. What is the smallest possible value of $k$ ?
$\qquad$

